# PART VII.

## POPULATION.

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale the first enumeration of the people was taken by an officer from Sydney on the 25th May, 1836, less than one year after the date of the arrival of John Batman (29th May, 1835). This was the first official census in Victoria, which was at that time known as the district of Port Phillip, and it disclosed that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females of European origin.

At the census taken in 1838 it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. During each of the years 1840 and 1841 the population increased by 100 per cent., owing principally to the number of assisted immigrants who arrived in the district, and it continued to increase to the end of 1850.

The discovery of gold in 1851 (the year of separation from New South Wales) was the greatest influence in populating Victoria, the numbers increasing from 77,345 at the census in 1851 to 538,628 in 1861, a gain of 596 per cent. In the next ten years the natural increase (excess of births over deaths) was the main factor in the growth of population. From the end of 1870 the population advanced steadily to 1,133,728 at the end of 1890, the increase being 409,803 (natural increase 307,246—gain from migration 102,557). The latter portion of this period was known as the "Land Boom" period, which was followed by the inevitable reaction.

Between 1891 and 1905 the population of the State advanced very slowly, the total increase in this period being 76,693. The gain by natural increase—247,078—was offset by the loss from migration—170,385—the discovery of gold in Western Australia being the principal cause of migration from Victoria in the period. A steady annual increase was maintained from 1905 to the end of 1927 (exclusive of the years relating to the Great War), the population increasing from 1,210,421 to 1,741,832.

1865/43.-17

During the ten-year period 1928-1937 the population of the State increased slowly, the lowest annual increase for the period being recorded in the year 1935. The rate of natural increase dropped considerably and, in seven years of the period, a loss from migration was experienced. The world-wide depression of 1929-33 had its effect on the population of the State.

The estimated population of Victoria at the end of 1942 was 1,969,977. This figure is subject to revision.

# VICTORIA-ESTIMATED POPULATION, 1836 TO 1942.

					Estimated F	opulation 31st	December.
		Year.		-	Males.	Females.	Total.
1000 (0	F41. M				142	35	177
	5th May		••	••	186	38	224
	th Novi	r.)	••	••	7,254	3,037	10,291
1840	••	• • •	••	•••	45,495	30,667	76,162
1850	••		••	••	226,462	120.843	347,305
1855	••	••	••	••	330,302	207,932	538,234
1860	••	••	••	•••	397,230	326,695	723,925
1870	· • •	••	••	•• •	450,558	408,047	858,605
1880	••	• •	••	••		538,209	1,133,728
1890	• •	••	••	• •	595,519	000,200	1,100,720
					601,773	594,440	1,196,213
1900	••	••	••		001,770	001,110	-,
				1	598,134	612.287	1,210,421
1905	••	••	••	•• .	600,856	618,976	1,219,832
1906	• •	•••	••	••	605,775	627,032	1,232,807
1907	••	••	••	•••		635,512	1,250,449
1908	• • *	••	••	•••	614,937	646,001	1,277,022
1909	••	••	••	•••	631,021	040,001	1,211,022
					646 100°	654,926	1,301,408
1910	••	••		••	646,482	671.075	1,339,893
1911	••	••	••		668,818		1,382,553
1912	· • •	••	••	•••	690,056	692,497	1,382,885
1913	••	••	•••	••	707,444	707,972	1,415,410
1914	••	•••	••	••	713,307	721,881	1,400,100
				i	404.910	730,235	1,424,445
1915	••	• •	••	••	694,210	738,418	1,404,663
1916		••	••	•••	666,245	745,985	1,417,060
1917	••	• •	••	••	671,075		1,417,000
1918	••	••	••	•• [	684,243	753,002	1,437,24
1919			••		739,956	763,079	1,000,000
						FF4 100	1,527,909
1920	••	••	••		753,803	774,106	
1921	••		••	•	765,306	785,421	1,550,72
1922	••	• •	• •	•••	789,517	800,756	1,590,27
1923				•••	807,884	817,571	1,625,45
1924		••	••		825,919	831,232	1,657,151

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VICTORIA-ESTIMATED POPULATION, 1836 TO 1942-continued.

		Year.			Estimated Population 31st December.					
			·		Males.	Females.	Total.			
1925		••	••		840,817	843,234	1,684,051			
1926	••	••			855,035	856,952	1,711,987			
1927	••	••	•••		870,718	871,114	1,741,832			
1928	••	••			879,478	882,268	1,761,746			
1929	••	••	••		886,472	891,797	1,778,269			
1930		•••	•••		892,422	900,183	1,792,605			
1931	••	••			896,429	907,141	1,803,570			
1932		••			900,663	912,724	1,813,387			
1933	••				905,050	919,429	1,824,479			
1934	••	•••	•••		910,373	927,117	1,837,490			
1935	••	• • •			911,710	931,313	1,843,023			
1936					915,304	936,289	1,845,025 1,851,593			
1937	••	••	••		918,665	940,822	1,859,487			
1938	••	••			925,892	940,822 947.868	1,859,487 1,873,760			
19 <b>39</b>	••	••	••		931,724	954,632	1,875,760 1,886,356			
1940	•		•		949,764	000 010				
1941						969,010	1,918,774*			
1942		••	••	•••	969,037 976,663	983,116 993,314	1,952,153* 1,969,977*			

\* Subject to revision.

Increase of population, 1860–1942. At the census of 1891, the population of Victoria was 1,140,088; 1,201,070 in 1901; 1,315,551 in 1911; 1,531,280 in 1921; and 1,820,261 in 1933. During the

period ended on the date of the census in each of the years 1901, 1911, 1921, and 1933 there were respective increases in the population at the rate of  $5 \cdot 35$ ,  $9 \cdot 53$ ,  $16 \cdot 40$ , and  $18 \cdot 87$  per cent. The rate of increase during the decade 1921-31 was  $17 \cdot 33$  per cent.

The census of 30th June, 1933, showed that the population of the State at that date was 1,820,261, comprising 903,244 males and 917,017 females. The table which follows shows, for each quinquennium of the 80 years 1860–1939, and for each year of the 20 years 1923–1942, the natural increase of the population and the gain or loss by migration.

# VICTORIA—INCREASE OF POPULATION BY EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS, AND THE GAIN OR LOSS BY MIGRATION, 1860–1942.

		Incr	ease during Per	iod.	Increase	per cent. duri	ng Period.
Period		Natural.	Net Immigration (Civilians only).	Total.	Natural.	Net Immigration (Civilians only).	Total.
							ĺ
186064		69,249	7.682	76,931	$13 \cdot 29$	1.47	14.76
1865-69		74,639	24.120	98,759	$12 \cdot 48$	4.03	16.51
1870-74		81,902	7,444	89,346	11.75	1.07	12.82
1875-79		66,473	(-) 10.824	55,649	8.46	(-) 1.38	
1880-84		72,332	21,688	94,020	8.59	2.58	
1885-89		83,704	85,457	169, 161	8.95	9.13	
1890-94		100,292	(-) 23,075	77,217	9:08	(-) 2.09	
1895-99		76,625	(-) 70,239	6,386	6.48	(-) 5.94	
1900-04		74,296	(-) 57,229	17,067	6.25	(-) 4.81	1
1905-09		80,312	() 8,898	71,414	6.66	(-) ·74	
1910-14		93,975	64,191	158,166	7.36	5.03	
1915-19		84.092	(-) 16,245	67,847	5.86	(-) 1.13	
1920-24		98,235	55,881	154,116	6.53	3.72	
1925-29		91,091	30,027	121,118	5.50	1.81	
1930-34		61,242	(-) 2,021	59,221	3.44	(-)  ·11	
1935-39	•••	52,364	(-) 3,498	48,866	2.85	(-) ·19	2.66
. <u> </u>		·	· · · ·			-	
		·	1.				
1923	••	18,657	16,525	35,182	$1 \cdot 17$	$1 \cdot 04$	
1924		19,636	12,060	31,696	$1 \cdot 21$	-74	
1925		20,086	6,814	26,900	$1 \cdot 21$	•41	
1926	• •	19,027	8,909	27,936	1.13	• 53	
1927		18,301	11,544	29,845	1.07	67	
1928		16,790	3,124	19,914		•18	
1929		16,887	(-) 364	16,523	. 96	(-) $02$	
1930	• •	17,168	(-) 2,832	14,336	97		
1931		13,299	(-) 2,334	10,965	•74	(-) ·13	
1932	• •	10,659	(-) 842	9,817	· 59	(-) .05	
1933		10,936	156	11,092	· 60	·0]	
1934	• •	9,180	3,831	13,011	• 50		
1935		9,428	(-) 3,895	5,533	·51	(-) 2	
1936	•••	10,105	(-) 1,535	8,570	• 55		-
1937	• •	11,118	(-) 3,224	7,894	· 60	(-) $1'$	
1938	••	11,389	2,884	14,273	.61	i –	
1939	••	10,324	2,272	12,596	• 55		
1940	•••	11,669	20,635	32,304	· 62		
1941	••	13,884	19,495	33,379	.72		
1942		13,954	6,161	= 20,115	1 71	3	2 I I'U

NOTE .- The minus sign ( - ) indicates excess of departures over arrivals, also a decrease,

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## VICTORIA-MIGRATION.

## (CIVILIANS ONLY.)

The interstate and oversea movement of people to and from Victoria, for the period 1933-1942, is shown in the following table :---

z	Arrivals in Victoria.			Depart	ures from V	Excess of Arrivals Over Departures.		
Year.	Inter- state.	From Other Coun- tries Direct.	Total.	Inter- state.	To Other Coun- tries Direct.	Total.	Inter- state.	Other Coun- tries Direct.
1933 1934	$147,078 \\ 153,410$	8,840 11,377	155,918 164,787	146,485 150,520	9,277 10.436	$155,762 \\ 160.956$	593 2.890	(-) 437
1935	140,406	11,090	151,496	143,526	11,789	155,315	(-)3,120	941 (-) 699
1936	141,813	11,586	153,399	143,628	11,113	154,741	(-)1,815	473
1937 1938	139,199	13,063	152,262	144,054	11,432	155,486	(-)4,855	1,631
1938	152,514	15,540	168,054	152,591	12,579	165,170	(-) 77	2,961
1010	147,087	15,028	162,115	148,568	10,353	158,921	(-)1,481	4,675
1011	146,457 147,001	5,930	152,387	129,464	2,288	131,752	16,993	3,642
1010	147,001 125,687	1,417	148,418	127,984	939	128,923	19,017	478
1942	149,007	2,395	128,082	120,451	1,470	121,921	5,236	925

NOTE.—The minus sign (-) indicates excess of departures over arrivals.

In 1933, migration to and from Victoria reached a total of 311,680 persons. From 1933, a slight increase was recorded each year until 1935, when a decrease, as compared with the previous year, was registered. There was little fluctuation during the following two years, but in 1938 the volume of migration was the highest recorded since 1930. In 1939 a decline was recorded in both oversea and interstate migration. The considerable decrease in oversea migration during the last three years was due to the war.

·			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Migration by Sea—							
Arrivals			22,561	12,849			
Departures	• •		21,106	11,217	••		·
Gain by Sea	••				1,455	1,632	3,087
Migration by Rail—						i i	
Arrivals			44.367	22,183		· ·	
Departures			42,577	21,289			
Gain by Rail	••				1,790	894	2,684
Migration by Air							
Arrivals			18,994	7,128			
Departures	••	•••	19,209	6,523	•••		••
Gain by Air			19,209	0,525	$(-)$ $\frac{1}{215}$	605	390

## VICTORIA-SUMMARY OF MIGRATION, 1942.

NOTE,—The minus sign (-) indicates the excess of departures over arrivals,

Arrivals and departures by way of interstate railway passenger traffic is shown in the following statement :--

State—Territory.	Arrivals from during—				Departures to during-			
	1939.	*1940.	1941.	1942.	1939.	*1940.	1941.	1942,
New South Wales	43,801		48,103	41,732	47,176		39,459	44,441
Queensland	3,107		2,914	7,430	2,553		2,861	6,074
South Australia	10,407		12,242	11,047	9,888		9,819	9,710
Western Australia Australian Capital	2,855	••	5,597	4,684 .	2,289		2,759	2,828
Territory	808	•••	1,036	1,657	881		803	813
Total	60,978	70,532	69,892	66,550	62,787	57,247	55,701	63,866

#### VICTORIA-MIGRATION BY RAIL, 1939-1942.

\* Details of interstate migration not available.

Migration by sea, 1939-42. Victoria, the other Australian States, British countries, and foreign countries during each of the four years ended 1942 are shown in the following table :—

#### Arrivals from during-Departures to during-State or Country of Departure or Destination. \*1940. 1939. \*1940. 1942. 1939. 1941. 1942. 1941 States. New South Wales 1,010 1,196 12,911 180 12,606 681 . . . . . . $\frac{100}{39}$ 172 7,3111,257Queensland 158 17 5,9221,310571655 .. . . South Australia 168 119 • • . . Western Australia 3,313 $1,\overline{251}$ 718 3,596 781451. . . . • • Tasmania 43,969 39.23731,906 42,447 35,320 29,546 . . . . . . Northern Territory 31480 106 134Total Interstate 67,531 42,37133,015 67,531 38,15130.853 . . Adjustment ... 198 $\mathbf{5}$ . . . . . . . . . . 30,853 Net Total 67,531 51,478 42,376 33,015 67.72949,014 38,151. . Overseas-3,040 136New Zealand 2,720169 260 813 481115 . . $1, \bar{3}\bar{2}\bar{3}$ 4,676 225 $\frac{101}{260}$ United Kingdom 255 3,14030 159.. India and Ceylon 1,460 210 220409 142 238 138 594153 216335 64 32 South Africa 63 106 Other British Possessions 983 794 581691 351 807 1,034 45 **Total British Countries** 10,1583,492 1,210 1,718 8,143 1,734769 563Egypt 4821293 6518 1 . . . . France 611 144 227. . . . . . io Italy ... 1,288 383 303 . . . . $\mathbf{28}$ Japan 130 113 106 4020United States of America 1,691 465 65 171 1,225341 90732 Other Foreign Countries 668 1,204 106 506284 145 59175 Total Foreign Countries 4,870 2,438 907 202677 2,210554170 GRAND TOTAL 78.082 51.302 39,090 32,323 82,55957,40843,788 35,410

## VICTORIA-MIGRATION BY SEA, 1939-1942.

\* Details of interstate migration not available,

Migration by air, 1939–42. The following table shows the movement of population by air during the last five years :--

	Year.		Arrivals.	Departures.	Excess of Arrivals over Departures.
938 939 940 941 942	••• ••• ••	· · · · · · ·	18,729 18,578 24,447 34,738 26,122	$18,281 \\ 18,052 \\ 23,203 \\ 34,132 \\ 25,732$	$\begin{array}{r} 448\\ 526\\ 1,244\\ 606\\ 390\end{array}$

# VICTORIA-MIGRATION BY AIR.

State-assisted immigration. In 1941, State-assisted migration to Victoria consisted of 2 females.

Population of Greater Melbourne. For many years the population of Greater Melbourne was estimated as that contained in an area within a radius of ten miles from the Elizabeth-street Post Office.

To conform to the growth of the urban population in certain directions, principally in the cities of Chelsea and Mordialloc, the metropolitan area was re-defined in 1929. The municipalities included in this area and the population of each are as under :--

# POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1933 AND AT 31st DECEMBER, 1942.

Municipal District /	Area in Acres, 31st December, 1940.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1933.	Estimated Population 31st December, 1942.	Persons to the Acre 31st December, 1942.
Box Hill City Braybrook Shire (excluding Western Riding) Brighton City Brunswick City Camberwell City Caulfield City Chelsea City Coburg City Colurg City Essendon City Fitzroy City Footscray City	5,120 8,480 3,308 2,719 8,352 5,600 3,040 4,800 1,139 4,000 923 3,982	$15,332\\8,761\\29,707\\54,348\\50,052\\65,297\\6,625\\38,118\\30,665\\46,096\\30,909$	19,600 $12,600$ $37,800$ $57,300$ $79,200$ $7,900$ $46,800$ $30,400$ $50,600$ $31,200$	3.8 $1.5$ $11.4$ $21.1$ $8.5$ $14.1$ $2.6$ $9.8$ $26.7$ $12.7$ $33.8$

Municipal District.	Area in Acres, 31st December, 1940.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1933.	Estimated Population 31st December, 1942.	Persons to the Acre 31st December, 1942.
Hawthorn City	2,402	33,758	39,900	16.6
Heidelberg City (excluding Greensborough Ward)	8,800	24,949	30,800 31,700	3·5 9·0
Kew City	3,523 3,996	25,486 43,244	47,800	12.0
Melbourne Čity	7,740	92,112	$101,000 \\ 24,400$	13.0 1.8
Moorabbin City Mordialloc City	13,360 3,351	19,006 9,216	12,000	3.6
Northcote City	2,850	42,723	45,100	$15 \cdot 8 \\ 5 \cdot 3$
Oakleigh City Port Melbourne City	2,658 2,366	11,903 12,906	14,000 14,200	6.0
Prahran City	2,320	51,606	58,800	$\begin{array}{c} 25\cdot 3 \\ 4\cdot 4 \end{array}$
Preston City	8,800 1,430	33,442 39,618	38,900 41,100	28.7
Sandringham City	3,740	18,075	22,700	$6 \cdot 1$ 19 \cdot 3
South Melbourne City St. Kilda City	$2,303 \\ 2,049$	42,936 46,579	44,400 54,400	26.5
Williamstown City	2,775	22,199	25,200	9.1
	125,926	991,934	1,152,000*	9.1

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1933 AND AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1942—continued.

\* Subject to revision.

Density of metropolitan population. Fitzroy is the most thickly populated municipality, with 33.8 persons to the acre; Richmond has 28.7; Colling-wood, 26.7; St. Kilda 26.5; Prahran, 25.3; Brunswick,

21.1; South Melbourne, 19.3; and Melbourne City, 13.0. There is a total area of 9,621 acres devoted to parks, gardens, and other reserves in Greater Melbourne, so that the population is really living more closely together than the figures in the table indicate; if these park areas are excluded, the density of the population in the abovementioned municipalities is as follows:—Fitzroy, 35.6 persons to the acre; Richmond, 34.2; St. Kilda, 31.3; Collingwood, 29.3; South Melbourne, 24.9; Prahran, 26.3; Brunswick, 21.7; and Melbourne City, 18.2; while, for the whole of Greater Melbourne, the exclusion of park areas has only a slight influence on the density, the number of persons to the acre increasing from 9.1 to 9.9.

Population of cetties, towns and boroughs outside the boundaries of Greater Melbourne the chief centres of population in Victoria are the cities of Ballarat, outside Greater Bendigo, Geelong, Mildura, and Warrnambool. The particulars relating to Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong are exclusive of the urban populations in contiguous shires. The populations of cities, towns, and certain boroughs are given in the following table :---

VICTORIA—POPULATIONS OF CITIES, TOWNS, AND BOROUGHS OUTSIDE GREATER MELBOURNE, 1933 AND 1942.

•	•		ulation.		Population.		
Locality.		Census 1933.	1942 (Estimated 31st December).	Locality.	Census 1933.	1942 (Estimated 31st December).	
<ul> <li>Cities — Ballarat* Bendigo† Geelong‡ Mildura Warrnambool</li> <li>Towns — Ararat Hamilton Horsham Sale</li> </ul>	··· ·· ·· ··	$\begin{array}{c} 37,411\\ 29,131\\ 39,223\\ 6,617\\ 8,906\\ 4,914\\ 5,786\\ 5,272\\ 4,262\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39,500\\ 30,800\\ 41,200\\ 7,500\\ 9,350\\ \\ 5,050\\ 6,100\\ 5,600\\ 4,600 \end{array}$	Boroughs Castlemaine Colac Echuca Shayborough Shepparton Stawell Swan Hill Wangaratta Wonthaggi	5,221 4,411 5,631 5,698 4,747 4,795 5,593	$\begin{array}{c} 5,800\\ 5,650\\ 4,460\\ 5,900\\ 6,250\\ 4,900\\ 4,950\\ 5,400\\ 5,400\\ 6,350\end{array}$	

\* Includes municipalities of Ballarat and Sebastopol.

† Includes municipalities of Bendigo and Eaglehawk.

‡ Includes municipalities of Geelong, Geelong West, and Newtown and Chilwell.

NOTE.—Colac created a borough on 11th January, 1938. Swan Hill created a borough on 30th May, 1939.

Population of Greater Melbourne and remainder of State, 1861–1942.

In the seventy-two years from the census of 1861 to the census of 1933, the population of Greater Melbourne increased by 609 per cent. from 139,916 to 991,934. In the same period, the population of the remainder of the

State increased by 108 per cent. from 398,721 to 828,327. During only one intercensal period—1891-1901—was the percentage increase greater in the country than in the metropolis. With the decline in the gold-mining industry, the rate of increase in the country areas diminished until, at the beginning of the present century, the rural population became almost stationary. Between 1901 and 1933 the increase was 123,336; of this increase, 67,353 occurred in the 28 years ended 31st December, 1929, and 55,983 in the four years of depression which followed. Further aspects of the growth in the population of Greater Melbourne appear in a paragraph dealing with the Capital Cities of Australia.

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## POPULATION OF VICTORIA, GREATER MELBOURNE, AND REMAINDER OF THE STATE, 1861 TO 1942.

Population at each Date.				
Victoria.	Greater Melbourne.	Remainder of State.		
538,628		398,712		
730,198		523,418		
861,566	282,947	578,619		
1,140,088	490,896	649,192		
1,201,070	496,079	704,991		
1 915 551	593,237	722,314		
	782,979	748,301		
1,820,261	991,934†	828,327		
*	*	*		
1.824.479	995,800	828,679		
	1,000,000	837,490		
	1,008,300	834,723		
	1,016,500	835,093		
1 000 400	1,024,000	835,487		
	1.035.600	838,160		
	1.046.750	839,606		
	1.076,700	841,960		
1 059 159		815,153		
		817,977		
		Victoria.         Melbourne.           538,628         139,916            730,198         206,780            861,566         282,947            1,140,088         490,896            1,201,070         496,079            1,315,551         593,237            1,820,261         991,934†           *         *         *            1,824,479         995,800            1,837,490         1,000,000            1,851,593         1,016,500            1,851,593         1,016,500            1,859,487         1,024,000            1,873,760         1,035,600            1,886,356         1,046,750            1,918,660         1,076,700            1,918,660         1,076,700            1,952,153         1,137,000		

\* Subject to revision. † The boundaries of Greater Melbourne were re-defined in 1929.

Population of Australian Au States and of New Zealand, 186 1861 to 1942. De

In the following tables is given the population of each Australian State and of New Zealand at each census from 1861 to 1933 and also the estimated population at 31st December, 1942.

## CENSUS POPULATIONS OF THE AUSTRALIAN STATES AND TERRITORIES AND OF NEW ZEALAND.

	Enumerated Population at the Census of										
	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1933.			
States-	538,628	730,198	861 566	1 140 088	1.201.070	1.315.551	1,531,280	1,820,261			
Victoria New South Wales	350,860					1,646,734		2,600,847			
Queensland	30,059	117,960	213,525	393,718	498,129	605,813	755,972	947,534			
South Aus- tralia Western Aus-	* 126,830	* 185,626	276,414	315,533	358,346	408,558		580,949			
tralia Tasmania	15,100 89,977				184,124 172,475		332,732 213,780	438,852 227,599			
Territories			3,451			3,310	3,867	4,850			
Australian Capital	l	••				†1,714	2,572	8,947			
Australia	1,151,454	1,663,072	2,250,194	3,174,640	3,773,801	4,455,005	5,435,734	6,629,839			
New Zealand Excluding Maoris	99,021	а. А. А. А. А.		1				<b>‡1,491,484</b>			
Including Maoris			534,030	1		1,058,312	1,271,664	\$1,573,810			

• Includes Northern Territory. † Part of New South Wales prior to 1911. ‡ Census of 1936.

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The increase of population in each of the States and of the Territories during the intercensal period 1921–1933 was 288,981 in Victoria, 500,476 in New South Wales, 191,562 in Queensland, 106,120, in Western Australia, 85,789 in South Australia, 13,819 in Tasmania, 6,375 in the Australian Capital Territory, and 983 in the Northern Territory. The population of Australia increased between the above-mentioned dates by 1,194,105.

# POPULATIONS OF AUSTRALIAN STATES AND TERRITORIES AND OF NEW ZEALAND AT 31st DECEMBER, 1942.

State.		Area in Square Miles.	Estimated Population at 31st December, 1942.	Persons to the Square Mile.	Proportion in Each State or Territory.	
Victoria New South Wales Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania Territorities— Northern Australian Capital	··· ·· ·· ··	87,884 309,432 670,500 380,070 975,920 26,215 523,620 940	1,969,977 2,848,574 1,036,479 610,271 469,910 241,437 8,143 11,831	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \cdot 42 \\ 9 \cdot 21 \\ 1 \cdot 55 \\ 1 \cdot 61 \\ \cdot 48 \\ 9 \cdot 21 \\ \cdot 02 \\ 12 \cdot 59 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Per cent.} \\ 27 \cdot 37 \\ 39 \cdot 58 \\ 14 \cdot 40 \\ 8 \cdot 48 \\ 6 \cdot 53 \\ 3 \cdot 36 \\ \cdot 11 \\ \cdot 17 \end{array}$	
Australia New Zealand	 	2,974,581 103,415*	$7,196,622 + 1,636,403 \pm$	$\frac{2\cdot 42}{15\cdot 82}$	100.00	

\* Excluding 600 square miles, the areas of outlying and annexed islands.

† Subject to revision.

‡ Includes 95,773 Maoris.

Population of Australian capital cities, 1871–1942. The enumerated populations of Australian capital cities at each census, 1871–1933, and the estimated populations at the 31st December, 1942, are shown hereafter. During

the 71 years, 1871-1942, Melbourne has made great The most notable advance occurred in the decennial progress. period 1881-91, when the population increased by 207,949, or The population remained almost stationary between 73 per cent. 1891 and 1901. This unsatisfactory feature was due to a severe industrial depression which prevailed in Victoria during the eight years A great number of persons migrated in those years to 1892 to 1899. other parts in search of employment. In the intercensal period 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 97,158; in the period 1911 to 1921 an increase of 189,742 and, in the period 1921-1933, an increase of 208,955 persons. The closing years of the last-mentioned period were years of world-wide depression, during which immigration to Victoria was at a standstill and Melbourne lost population to a slight degree to the rural

districts of the State. In the earlier years of the period, however, a consistent rate of increase was maintained with the result that the net numerical increase for the period was the highest experienced. From 1933 to 1939 there was a steady increase, but since 1939 there has been a high rate of increase, due to the war. Since 1902 Sydney has been the most populous city in Australia. A high proportion of the population of Australia is concentrated in the capital cities of the six States.

# POPULATIONS OF AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL CITIES, 1871 TO 1942.

Capital City (the Area of	•	Enumerated Population at the Census of-							Persons to the
each City is given in a note below). 1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	1933.	31st December, 1942.	Acre.	
		· · ·							
Melbourne	206,780	282,947	490,896	496,079	593,237	782,979	991,934	1,152,000	9.1
Sydney	137,776	224,939	383,283	481,830	636,355	897,640	1,235,267	1,310,530†	8.3
Brisbane	15,029	31,109	101,554	119,428	140,977	209,699	299,748	353,590	1.4
Adelaide	42,744	103,864	133,252	162,094	191,312	255,318	312,619	330,000†	3.2
Perth	*	*	•	66,832	109,375	155,129	207,440	230,000‡	1.9
Hobart	26,004	27,248	33,450	34,604	40,335	52,385	60,406	67,930	1.5

\* Not available. † Population at 31st December, 1940. ‡ Population at 31st December, 1941.

NOTE.—The areas of the capital cities in acres were Sydney, 157,542; Melbourne, 125,926; Brisbane, 246,400; Adelaide, 102,987; Perth, 122,240; and Hobart, 54,890.

The estimated population of Canberra on the 31st December, 1941, was 10,500.

Aborigines in Victoria in Victoria in Victoria in Victoria ing to other and apparently more reliable estimates they numbered at that time not less than 15,000. In 1851, when the colony was separated from New South Wales, the number was officially stated as 2,693. A census of Aborigines in Australia was taken by the Commonwealth Statistician on 30th June, 1941. The number in Victoria at that date was 784, of whom 35 were full-blood and 749 were half-caste.

	Station.		Aborigines.	Three-quarter and Half-castes.	Total.
Lake Condah Lake Tyers Framlingham Depots In Institutions	··· ··	••	 34  1	$\begin{array}{r}2\\259\\2\\3\\5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r}2\\293\\2\\3\\6\end{array}$
Total	••	••	35	271	306

# VICTORIA-NUMBER OF ABORIGINES UNDER CARE AT STATIONS, 1940-41.

As will be seen from the above figures, the majority of the Aborigines under the care of the Board for the Protection of Aborigines are concentrated at Lake Tyers Aboriginal Station, which is situated in East Gippsland. This Station is under the control of a resident manager. The reserves at Lake Condah and Framlingham are under the control of the local police officer, who is appointed as Local Guardian.

In addition to the number under the care of the Board at Stations in Victoria, it is estimated that there are 478 half-castes and octoroons at Antwerp, Echuca, Framlingham, Colac, Dimboola, Lake Condah, Healesville, Orbost and Swan Hill. These people occasionally receive assistance from the Board.

During the year 1940-41 there were 22 births of half-castes at Lake Tyers. There were 20 deaths of half-castes, all of which occurred at Lake Tyers. There were also 3 deaths of full-bloods at Lake Tyers.

The amount expended on the care and maintenance of the Aborigines during the year was  $\pounds 5,469$ . At the Treasury is kept a Trust Fund, known as the Aborigines Board Produce Fund, into which receipts from the sale of timber and produce, leasing of reserves &c., are paid. The amount to the credit of this Fund on the 30th June, 1941 was  $\pounds 4,847$ .

Arrivals in During the year 1941, 50 Chinese arrived and 56 from Victoria departed. Other non-European arrivals numbered 29 and of Chinese and departures 30, as compared with 113 arrivals and non-Europeans.80 departures in 1940. A statement of the provisions of the Immigration Restriction Act appears on page 73 of the Year-Book for 1928-29.

1865/43.-19

Under the "Commonwealth Naturalization Act No. 11 Naturalization. of 1903" the right to issue certificates of naturalization is vested in the Commonwealth.

The number of persons naturalized in Victoria in the year 1941 was 315. They were of various nationalities, the greatest proportion (19 per cent.) being of Austrian origin. During the seventy-one years, 1871 to 1941 inclusive, 21,026 persons were naturalized. The following table shows the birthplaces of persons naturalized in Victoria during the five years 1937-1941.

## VICTORIA—BIRTHPLACES OF PERSONS NATURALIZED. 1937–41.

	т. <b>т</b>	Total				
Birthplace.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	Naturalized 1937 to 1941.
Austria	$^{\circ}$ 2	1		5	59	67
Denmark	3	6	14	18	15	56
Finland .	3	1	16	21	10	51
Germany	23	30	53	19	19	144
Greece	26	21	34	48	<b>28</b>	157
Italy	68	104	308	173	21	674
Norway	5	8	19	21	13	66
Poland .	32	46	72	22	17	189
Russia .	12	12	32	34	$10^{-10}$	100
Sweden	6	5	12	22	<b>23</b>	68
Switzerland	11	4	19	13	12	59
Other European		· ·				
Countries	37	36	67	73	75	288
United States	1	5	10	8	3.	27
Other Countries	1	13	20	30	10	74
Total	230	292	676	50 <b>7</b>	315	2,020